Compliance Evaluation

Dorothea Dix Hospital

Date of Site Visit: September 26-27, 2007

Date of Report: October 16, 2007

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Code for reading this Evaluation

- C = Compliance. Hospital has substantially complied with the requirement.
- SC = Significant compliance. Considerable compliance has been achieved on the key components of the requirement, but refinements remain to be completed.
- PC = Partial compliance. Hospital has made reasonable gains toward being in compliance with the requirement, but substantial work remains.
- NC = Not in compliance. Hospital has made inadequate progress towards being in compliance.

All four measures reflect current outcomes of Hospital's work and are neither a measure of intent nor of effort. In fact, minimal effort in one area might achieve compliance on one item while significant effort in another may still leave the Hospital rated not in compliance on that item.

Font in this Evaluation.

Italics. Items in italics represent those found to be in compliance at the time of prior evaluation.

Bold Face. Items in bold face reflect findings from this evaluation.

DATA BASE

Documents

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Statistics
       Admissions and Average Daily Census by Fiscal Year, 2000-2008
       Number of Patient to Patient Assaults Per Year, 2000-2007
       Number of Patient to Staff Assaults Per Year, 2000-2007
       Number of Serious Patient Injuries Per Year, 2000-2007
       Restraint Episodes and Hours, 2000-2007 (July)
       Seclusion Episodes and Hours, 2000-2007 (July)
       Number of days Admissions have been closed due to the 110% rule from initiation
              through August 31, 2007
       Nursing Service 24 Hour Report 9-24-07
Dual Diagnoses: MI/MR
       List of all patients with Axis II diagnosis of MR or Borderline IQ
       MR/DD packet for last five MR admissions
              1063718
              1079186
             0130323
             0383090
              1081578
       Treatment Plans for three Civil Patients with MR Diagnoses
              1065991
             0126342
              1012052
       Treatment Plans for three Forensic Patients with MR Diagnoses
             0393898
              1071209
             0997021
Dual Diagnoses: MI/SA
       SA Assessment Tools
             Psychiatric Assessment, page 4
              Biopsychosocial Assessment, page 3
       Treatment Plans for five Patients with Substance Abuse
             0091263
              1076172
              1077908
              1043896
              1056218
External Reports
       JCAHO 8-14 to 8-15-07
       JCAHO Survey Follow-up and Actions 2007
Medical
       Patient deaths, 1990-2007 (YTD)
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List of patients with hearing impairments (excluding gero)
      List of patient deaths, 2007
       Death reviews, 2007
       Percent RN shifts by agency and per diem nurses, August 2007
       Number of FTE psychiatrists providing direct care (excluding N/W coverage) and
              number of FTE vacancies
      List by classification of number of separations and number of new
              hires/reinstatements/promotions, 3-1 through 9-30-07
Psychotropic Medication
       Five Admission Assessments with rationale for Medications Prescribed at Admission
              0991263
              1014092
              1037414
              1082177
              1082761
      List of all patients with orders for antipsychotic medications by patient with medications,
              dosage, how administered
       Psychiatry progress notes for five patients on LT unit, 1-1-07 through 8-31-07
              0374357
              1003136
              1076905
              0986000
              1077062
       Psychiatry progress notes for five patients on Forensic Unit, 1-1-07 through 8-31-07
              1044078
              0396604
              0155088
              1005818
              1042043
       Psychiatry Progress Notes for five Patients on the Gero Unit, 1-1-07 through 8-31-07
           0336389
            1030270
            1074977
            1081143
            1069301
       Policy on PRN psychiatric medication: Automatic Stop Order (ASO) for all Medication
              Orders, 1-1-07
       List of all Patients on Benzodiazepines by Patient including Dosage, how Administered,
              Reason for Medication
       List of STAT orders 8-1 through 8-14-07: NONE
       Medication Chart Reviews for Polypharmacy
              0971799
                            4-25-59
                                          9-12-07
              0391835
                            8-22-71
                                          5-8-05
              1064660
                            3-10-62
                                          9-13-07
                                                         9-14-07
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Patient deaths with DOA, DOD, DODeath, Cause of death, 1-1 to 9-14-07

Staffing

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0392607
                           10-3-67
                                         11-20-95
             0398376
                           1-7-70
                                         7-16-07
             1035338
                           12-17-82
                                         9-14-07
                           5-14-50
                                         9-6-07
             0922303
             0981820
                           10-1-48
                                         3-18-07
             1077062
                           12-5-71
                                         1-17-07
             1068424
                           9-13-47
                                         4-25-07
             0997896
                           2-1-72
                                         9-23-07
      Table: Ten Most Recent Patients Receiving IM Antipsychotic Medication
       Medication Chart Reviews for Most Recent IM Antipsychotic
             0362906
                           10-18-37
                                         9-21-07
             0384141
                           7-26-65
                                         9-25-07
             0922303
                           5-14-50
                                         9-6-07
                           3-9-73
                                         9-25-07
             1084149
             0922786
                           9-16-75
                                         7-27-06
Assessments
      Ten Psychiatric Assessments, patients admitted 8-07
             1081704
             1082857
             1082885
             1004842
             0982621
             0391659
             1083233
             1049538
             1041093
             1083561
      Psychiatric Intake Evaluation
             1049538
             1041093
             1082885
             1083233
             0391659
             1083561
      Annual Psychiatric Assessment
              1044266
                           5-4-81
                                         9-25-06
Treatment Plan
      Reviews
             1081799
                               8-29-07
             0991263
                              9-10, 9-5, 8-27, 8-22-07
             1080715
                              7-25, 7-18-07
             0983961
                              undated
                              8-28, 8-21, 8-15, 8-7, 7-31, 7-24-07
             1082386
             1066287
                               8-25, 8-1-07
             1014092
                               8-28-07
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0376140

9-4-58

8-24-07

9-19-07

1079898	9-10-07
0387696	8-13-07
1080995	9-12, 9-4, 8-14, 8-9-07
0955738	8-21, 7-24-07
1077369	8-31, 6-8, 5-1-07
1001372	4-20, 2-12-07; 11-15-06
1082127	9-13, 9-6, 8-30, 8-23, 8-16, 8-9, 8-2-07
1080025	8-22, 6-26, 6-19, 6-5, 5-29-07
0162120	8-29, 5-9-07
1080295	9-12, 8-8-07
0370776	9-17, 9-12-07
30813075 (act)	9-25, 9-21, 7-17
0392743	9-20 and 9-12-07 as one review
1075086	none
1079186	9-17, 9-24
1044266	8-18, 4-11, 1-12-07; 12-27, 11-29-06

Physical Plant

DDH Inspection Reports, January-August 2007

DDH Fire Drill Reports, January-August 2007

DDH Environmental Rounds, March 2 & 5, June 19, 20 & 26, 2007

Central Regional Hospital

Plan for Closure of JUH and DDH, 5-07

Plan for RN Staffing

Educational Needs of Children and Adolescents at CRH

Patient Transition to CRH

Training

List of Staff Training in 2007

Admission

Homeless Admissions, 1/07-8/07

Staff to Staff Communication

Policy on Decreasing Level of Observation: Levels of Observation, 9-1-07

Policy on PSR Notes, i.e., Group Notes: Patient Management Standards at 7, 4-1-06 Behavioral Treatment

Last five behavioral treatment plans completed. Reviewed with CTP.

0997021	6-6-07
1077167	7-9-07
0999146	9-12-07
1065991	8-24-07
1071209	8-17-07

Incidents

Occurrence Report and Unit Event Review: Serious Incidents

Patient	<u>Occurrence</u>	<u>Review</u>
DW	9-18-07	9-24-07
TT	8-21-07	9-5-07
JT	4-27-07	5-31-07
SC	3-6-07	3-22-07

TK	3-5-07	3-5-07
JB	1-22-07	1-26-07

Occurrence Report: Incidents of Concern

<u>Patient</u>	<u>Occurrence</u>	<u>Injury</u>
AM	9-20-07	Serious
JJ	8-8-07	Serious
RN	3-16-07	None
LE	8-16-07	None
TH	9-10-07	Serious
WD	7-22-07	Unspecified
KE*	7-30-07	Moderate
SS*	7-30-07	Moderate
RW*	7-30-07	Moderate
RW*	8-21-07	None
HW	9-23-07	Unspecified

*Fire Ants

PSR

PSR Group Interventions Quick Reference Tool for Treatment Teams, 9-07

Discharge

List of current DDH inpatients with 10 or more DDH admissions

Problem Lists (and supporting documents) for current DDH inpatients with 10 or more admissions

Discharge Summary

0375252 5-14-63 3-7-07 6-12-07

Special Observation

List by ward of patients on Suicide Precautions

Constant Observation

Close Observation

1:1 Staffing

1084117	8-20-93	9-25-07
1084129	12-10-67	9-25-07
0997896	2-1-72	9-23-07

Policy and Procedures

Patient Management Standards: Adult, Child and Adolescent, Forensic Treatment, and Geriatric Psychiatric Services, 2-1-07

Other Medical Records

1084122	6-12-45	9-25-07	
0377389	7-7-54	9-21-07	
1003050	10-22-72	7-27-07	7-31-07
		7-17-07	7-19-07
		1-7-07	7-12-07

Site Visit

Treatment Team Meeting

Female Admit – Stephen Ford, M.D.

0983742 Initial CTP

0392815 TPR

1079308 TPR

Adolescents – James Mayo, M.D.

1070532 TPR

1073431 TPR

Gero – James Mayo, M.D.

1069301 TPR

Female LT – M.J. Keyser, M.D.

0390785 TPR

Forensic – Alyson Kurski, D.O.

0382252 TPR

1059874 TPR

Male Admit – Bruce Warf, M.D.

1083273 TPR 0989512 TPR

PSR

PSR sites visited

Dogwood

Brindle

G-West

Learning Court 2NC

PSR Groups observed

Work Therapy

Hot Topics

Medication Strategies for Recovery

Intermediate Computer

Alternate Programming-Relaxation

Work Crew Group

Group Living Skills

Exercise and Wellness

Self Directed Search

Relaxation/Mood Room

Music and Memories

Learning Court/Quality Council

Community Life Skills

Horticulture

Computer Lab

Living Life to the Fullest

Understanding Your Illness

Focus Group

Discharge Planning

Resources for Community Living

Take Action: Coping Through Life

Physical Plant

Sites inspected

2E Adult Crisis

2N Male Admission

2S Long-term Male

Cherry Adolescent 3S Forensic Medium

Comprehensive Treatment Plans

offipromotion to from	inone i min	
<u>Med #</u>	<u>DOB</u>	<u>DOA</u>
1005818	2-1-66	6-7-07
0395398	4-20-69	7-22-93
1043894	7-12-83	8-24-07
0041252	3-7-59	9-1-99
1065991	2-3-92	8-21-07
1083049	2-28-92	8-15-07
1082506	7-20-92	7-24-07
0399181	11-2-19	6-27-07
1042043	6-2-78	8-9-05
1014092	4-22-67	8-15-07
0991123	9-28-57	7-22-07
1077908	5-16-78	8-21-07
0989512	3-27-76	8-18-07
1004892	7-31-57	7-7-07
1082697	8-11-28	8-9-07
1083439	8-24-93	8-30-07
0875630	9-13-59	8-23-07
0955738	10-4-59	7-3-07
1079898	3-2-93	8-9-07
1014092	4-22-67	8-15-07
1081799	10-24-57	8-8-07
1083692	8-14-85	9-10-07
1083760	12-23-85	9-12-07
1064149	3-9-73	9-25-07
0390785	10-28-58	5-20-07
1077011	4-12-91	1-15-07
0989512	3-27-76	8-18-07
1044266	5-4-81	12-29-06
1077746	1-27-93	2-19-07
1080331	2-17-77	5-8-07

Exit Plans: US and NC: Dorothea Dix Hospital

Assessments

<u>Item</u>	Compliance	<u>Findings</u>	Comments and Recommendations
Appropriateness of the admission Other less restrictive settings (VIIB)	C	In a memorandum to Community Hospital CEOs and LME Directors, Mike Moseley, Director of DMHDDSAS stated, "North Carolina's State psychiatric hospitals have been experiencing an upward trend of increased admissions over the past four years. To date, our hospitals have continued to accept patients beyond their capacity in order to accommodate the needs of consumers and local communities. At times, the census on our admission units has been so high that it has caused us serious concerns regarding patient safety and treatment capability. In order to address these concerns, in the future when the census in a hospital's admission unit exceeds 110% of the unit's capacity, we will be delaying admissions from community hospitals until we can decrease capacity to a level that does not jeopardize patient safety and well being." This, in essence, puts a fixed cap on each NC state hospital census, including Dorothea Dix Hospital. Per P1: As part of the psychiatric assessment, the admitting physician will attempt to assess the patient's potential risk of dangerous patient behavior(s) and identify, what upsets the patient and less restrictive interventions that help to prevent or diffuse the situation. Per P8: Admission of a patient into DDH shall be based on an assessment process which determines that: a) the individual requires treatment which is appropriate to the patient's severity of illness and the intensity of service provided by the hospital or program; b) the treatment required can be appropriately provided; or c) alternatives for less intensive and restrictive treatment, although indicated, are not available.	This is an important step towards both maximizing patient and staff safety and allowing staff to effectively engage patients in treatment and rehabilitation. However, with current vacancies, Dorothea Dix Hospital is able to meet the needs of its census at current capacity. Pushing that to 110% may cross a threshold of safety and effectiveness, or may not. The DMHDDSAS and the hospital must evaluate its functional capacity in the 100% to 110% range and adjust its set point to delay admissions accordingly.

Reviewed all assessments on first five admissions in 2007. Contributions to assessment process by psychiatry (psychiatric intake evaluation, psychiatric assessment, first Attending note), medicine (H&PE, medical treatment plan), nursing (nursing assessment) and social work (biopsychosocial assessment) were present. MISA is ascertained on each one of those assessments. DDH has a plethora of patients admitted with substances contributing significantly to the presentation (4/5 of these cases), so the duplication may prove helpful in determining validity and reliability of reported substance use history. The Attending physician signs off on the assessments done by medicine and by other psychiatrists in the admitting process.

Admissions of persons terminally ill and near end of life burden DDH and may well be outside the scope of DDH's capacity (or mandate?). See for example, #1073736.

Admissions and Average Daily Census by Fiscal Year:

FY	Average Census	Admissions
2000*	411	2450
2001	393	4451
2002	344	3879
2003	304	3869
2004	292	4017
2005	310	4371
2006	308	4532
2007	304	4894
2008**	300	923
2008	X	4265
annualized		

^{*} includes Data for 10/1/99-6/30/00

^{**} includes Data for 7/1/07-9/17/07

		Homeles	s Admissions (2007):		1
		Tiomeres	s Admissions (2007).		
				% of Hmless		
				Individuals	Readmitted	
			% of Total	with Prior	30 days	
			Admission	Admissions	# and %	
		Jan	13.5	82.2	2 (4.4)	
		Feb	12.0	77.1	6 (17.1)	
		Mar	11.3	86.7	6 (13.3)	
		Apr	11.3	73.7	1 (2.6)	
		May	7.9	89.3	1 (3.6)	
		Jun	8.3	70.8	2 (8.3)	
		Jul	13.4	76.2	7 (16.7)	
		Aug	11.8	79.4	4 (11.8)	
Multidisciplinary with attention to	PC				owed 58 patients	Policies and Procedures
co-morbid diagnoses, i.e., MRMI		with MI/	SA and 37 pa	tients with M	I/MR.	Nursing Assessment Policy: Policy
and MISA (IIIA1,B1,B5)		Psychiat	wia			should be modified to <i>require</i> nursing assessment to be completed by 8 hours.
				of 10 Assessn	nents (see	Twenty-four hours is too long and
			abase):	01 10 113303311	ilents (see	potentially dangerous/unsafe.
			Vell done histo	rical review		potentially unigerous, unsured
		N	Iental status e	xam appropri	iate to	
			presentation			
		F			liff Note version	
				not a formula		
		Iı			nt and well done	
		6	to generic a			
		3.	A data presen diagnosed	t, but not alw	ays property	
		_ n		onsistent with	ı data (excluding	
			SA diagnose		r data (excluding	
		D		pleted on Axis	i I-IV	
		Patients	with Axis II I IQ (9-1	_	R or Borderline	
		Un	- \	No. of Pati	ents	
		Fore		22		
		ALN		4		
		GEF	RO	3		

AAM 4
AAF 5
WMS 3
Total 41
Recidivism
28353 discharged 8-10-07, admitted 8-27-07.
Psychiatric Assessment mentions, but does not
initiate addressing this.
Diagnosis
When diagnoses cannot be clarified at the time of
admission, there needs to be efforts, as part of the
CTP, to reach a definitive diagnosis. Evidence
that this is not happening is easily found.
Med# Diag LOS Comment
1077167 I Psychotic 2.5 mos No change in
D/O NOS admitting diag.
R/O Schizoaff No evidence on
R/O Pedophilia interventions to
R/O ADHD change diag.
II R/O Pers D/O NOS
0997021 I Impulse Contr 1.5 mos No change in
D/O admitting diag.
R/O ADHD No evidence on
II R/O Mild MR vs BIF CTP of any
Antisocial traits interventions to
change diag.
1071209 I ADHD NOS 3 wks No change in
II R/O Mild MR admitting diag.
No evidence on
CTP of any
interventions to
change diag.
1065991 I Mood D/O 3.5 wks No change in
admitting diag.
No evidence on
CTP of any
interventions to

		change diag.	
		Other cases with similar findings: 0399181; 1065991; 0395398; 1001372; 1080715; 1064149	
		And particularly noteworthy, a 13-year-old (0991263) with diagnoses of: Mood Disorder NOS Conduct Disorder; childhood onset Marijuana Abuse Hx of PTSD R/O Bipolar Affective Disorder ADHD combined Psychosis NOS	
		There are occasional cases where diagnoses are refined: 0390785 from Personality D/O NOS to Borderline Personality D/O	
		Care and treatment of individuals with MR needs to be particularly well conceived and executed as it appears DDH is the destination for persons with MR who can only be described as products of disastrous community situations. Some have no clear DSM-IV diagnosis other than MR. See for example: 0375252 (discharged to O'Berry Center after 3-month stay).	
Psychological identifying Suicide risk (IIIB2)	С	Suicide risk, a frequent reason for admission was appropriately recognized at the time of admission and addressed. Suicidality and the risk for self-injurious behavior are queried by psychiatry, medicine, nursing and social work. Medicine picks up past evidence of self-abuse on the physical exam; nursing picks it up on the physical assessment.	
Self-injurious behavior risks (IIIB2)	C	See suicide risk above.	
Cognitive strengths and	C	Mental status examination was formally conducted on	

weaknesses (IIIB2)		the psychiatric intake evaluation and on the psychiatric assessment. Abnormalities on the mental status examinations were noted in the first Attending note. The nurse, in her/his assessment, includes cognitive functioning, as does the social worker.	
Identify and prioritize patient needs with particular attention to "special needs" Suicide risk (IIIB4)	C	In assessments by admitting MD, attending MD, nurse, social worker.	
Self-injurious behaviors MI/MR MI/SA (IIIB2)	C	Same as above.	
Hearing impaired (IIIB6)	С	DDH able to identify hearing impaired patients. They represent about 1% of census (3 patients) excluding Gero Unit. Deaf unit at BH.	
Psychopharmacological examination of appropriateness of current and ongoing pharmacological treatment for behaviors (IIID6)	PC	Medications I reviewed five Admission Assessments provided in response to a document request for Admission Assessments with rationales for medications prescribed at admission: 0991263 1014092 1037414 1082177 1082761	
		These show improvement, but remain wanting. The medication rationale often • fails to be provided by the admitting physician	

		 is provided by the attending psychiatrist, but often fails to be specific better characterizes side effects than specific effects, i.e., what specific symptoms are being treated is silent on risk/benefit of using a benzodiazepine in a person with significant SA history and/or current use 					
Medical (VB)	C	Asse	ssments wel	l done.			
		- ·	· D · d				
		Patie	nt Deaths	# CD ::	D 4	İ	
			Year	# of Patient	Death Post Disabases		
			1000	Deaths	Post-Discharge		
			1990	10			
			1991 1992	61 41			
			1992	41			
			1993	37			
			1994	57			
			1995	50			
			1997	56			
			1998	54			
			1999	44			
			2000	40			
			2001	17			
			2002	13	1		
			2003	10	1		
			2004	7	1		
			2005	7	1		
			2006	9	2		
			2007	4	1		
			(YTD)				
		were	2007 (YTD) 1990 throu	4 1gh 2001, many			

<u>Treatment Plans</u>

<u>Item</u>	Compliance	<u>Findings</u>	Comments and Recommendations
Individualized (IIIA5)	PC	Treatment Planning JCAHO survey (8-07) noted inadequacies in Nursing Care Plans. Initial Plan of Care is limited to psychopharmacologic interventions (completed by psychiatrist).	Findings based on review of 17 CTP's, one per Treatment Team – see Database. Annotated copies of the CTP's are returned with this report – see Attachment 1.
		Significant improvement. Much less use of boilerplate language. Each component more individualized. Much decreased use of job descriptions as interventions. Exceptions are Initial Treatment Plan and goal statements of Acute Unit. For example, 28353: largely filled with nonindividual generic statements: engage in treatment milieu support efforts to change engage in alcohol psychoeducation and AA engage in treatment effectively and therapeutically continue preadmission meds	Also a review of all attendance rosters for PSR groups, afternoon, 9-25-07.
Interdisciplinary (IIIA5a)	PC	DDH uses different forms on different units for the CTP. Some forms have no signature page and hence it is not possible to ascertain who attended and participated. Interventions are sometimes interdisciplinary (an improvement), but often not. No one other than SW is ever involved in discharge planning.	Standardize CTP form with modification only as necessary for unique functions of a unit. Focus on development of cross discipline and multidiscipline interventions.
Based on Assessment data (IIIA5a)	PC	CTP reflects reason for admission, diagnoses, strengths, reasons for continued stay. Problem: rule out diagnoses, NOS diagnoses, diagnosis X vs. diagnosis Y show no evidence in CTP of being addressed. The number of such instances is significant. See pages 11-12.	

Attend to co-morbid diagnoses (IIIA1, B5)	PC	Yes for MI/MR Five MR/DD Admission Packets reviewed:	
		These CTP's showed marked improvement and many are quite good. When the MR diagnosis is a rule out (R/O) or in a differential diagnosis, they need to be	
		interventions aimed at finalizing the diagnosis. No for MI/SA. SA diagnoses present, but not listed as a problem and no interventions. SA is a problem with interventions,	

but not a diagnosis. See annotated CTP's. SA interventions uniformly inadequate. Dual Dx: MI/SA I reviewed five CTP's for patients dually diagnosed with MI and SA: 0091263 1076172 1077908 1043896 1056218 Only 2/5 had the diagnosed SA as a problem. The other three had no interventions for SA. The two with the SA problem had inadequate interventions for this problem. SA groups were few in number and met an inadequate number of times/week. DDH needs a substance abuse program/track/sufficient offerings within its PSR Mall for persons dually diagnosed with MI and SA. "Polysubstance dependence" is not a DSMIV diagnosis. SA not attended to For example: 0387696 Polysubstance 0875630 Cocaine 1004892 Cocaine, others? 0991123 "illegal substances" 1083049 Marijuana, alcohol 1080295 Alcohol 1077011 Alcohol, marijuana, tobacco 1044266 Alcohol, cannabis, cocaine, Tobacco SA has Inadequate Plan 1080351 Cocaine, opiods, marijuana, Benzodiazepines

		5-18-07 Brought cigarettes and wine to ward from courtyard, never addressed clinically by anyone. Restrictive to ward x 72 hours by MOD. Not examined.	
Involve family/guardian when appropriate (IIIA3)	SC	Often cannot tell – see remarks under "Interdisciplinary." Sometimes clearly indicated in other ways, but often not. No evidence of guardian review of plan if guardian could not attend. Observations of Treatment Team Meeting showed good family and/or guardian participation. Effort to include family by phone if could not be present. Guardian sometimes absent.	
Involve patient in identifying goals and objectives (IIIA3)	PC	Often cannot tell – see remarks under "Interdisciplinary." Sometimes very clear with patient quotes; often not clear; often in language not comprehensible to patient. Observations indicate an effort, but generally a misguided one to involve patient. Too often it's a faux offer resulting in faux participation.	
		Rx Plans What drives treatment during the early days of hospitalization? Absent ITP, e.g., 1084122 (gero service).	
Reviewed and revised as clinically indicated (IIIA5b)	NC	Treatment Plan Reviews (TPR) as observed are marginally useful at best. Teams do not organize the meeting by problems – often problems are never mentioned. Presentations are made by each staff of all he/she is doing.	Change the TPR forms. Teach IDT's how to conduct TPR's or teach the Treatment Plan Coordinators, at least.
		TPR's as written documents are just about uniformly useless. Document not organized by problem. Virtually never reviewed a TPR that resulted in a changed document on the CTP.	
		DDH is not meeting its own requirements: Each patient's treatment plan shall be evaluated	

		periodically at multidisciplinary treatment team meetings. The treatment team shall review and document the patient's progress towards each goal in the treatment plan and shall revise the plan as needed based on the patient's clinical condition, but no less often than weekly for the first month, monthly for the next two (2) months, and then every two months. Treatment plans may be revised to reflect active care, ongoing discharge planning, and participation by all appropriate disciplines. In Forensic Programs, treatment plans are to be reviewed every 3 months. The plan shall be rewritten when: a) there are significant changes in the patient's condition/problems, which warrant reconstruction of the plan b) the plan is not workable in its present form c) in all cases the plan is to be rewritten annually within the thirty (30) day period following the anniversary of the date of admission	
Treatment Plan Content includes Suicide precautions (if appropriate) (IIIB2)	SC	Seclusion/Restraint Usage 1075086 no meeting of team despite 3 episodes of S/R in 24 hours after 9 days in DDH. Need to meet even if CTP not due. 1079186 no TPR in response to meeting threshold, but there is a Restrictive Intervention Prevention Plan done 9-26-07, but this does not involve IDT. Suicidality is generally addressed in CTP's in problem, STG's, interventions and others: 1083692 problem, STG, intervention 1083760 problem only 1084149 problem, STG, intervention 0390785 problem, STG, intervention – on acute managing high risk situations – on LT	

_							
Measurable behavioral goals and objectives, i.e., basis for quantifying progress (IIIA5a) Emphasis on teaching alternative adaptive behaviors (IIIA6)	PC NC	Often not even an attempt. Often an attempt, but not correctly constructed. For example, 0390785: patient will "feel", "report", "seek", "attend" (when not a problem). Sometimes appropriately done. A substantial percentage of interventions are not interventions at all, but rather descriptions of interventions or statements of intent. There is a paucity of skill development in the CTP's. Groups are					
					ment in the CTF d as intervention		
					specific STG. V		
		in	tervention	s, the frequ	iency and time a come, e.g., "10 n	llotment could	
			eekly."	เลเซ สม ชนเ	come, e.g., 10 fi	imutes	
		В	ehavioral T	Treatment	Plans		
			Med #	Date of Plan	Diagnoses	Comments	
			0997021	6-6-07	I. Impulse Control	Plan is a behavioral	
					D/O R/O	management	
					Schizoaff D/O	plan, not a behavioral	
					R/O Pedophilia	treatment plan. Plan	
					R/O ADHD	uses levels to	
					II. R/O Pers D/O NOS	try to affect behavior,	
					2,01,00	but levels	
						should be assigned	
						based on	
			107767	7-9-07	I. Impulse	level of risk. Plan is a	
			10//0/	, , 0,	Control	behavioral	
					D/O R/O ADHD	management plan, not a	
					II O MOIID	Piuii, not a	

	1	1	T-T	
		II. Mild MR	behavioral	
		vs	treatment	
		BIF	plan. Plan	
		Antisocial	uses levels to	
		traits	try to affect	
			behavior,	
			but levels	
			should be	
			assigned	
			based on	
			level of risk.	
1071209	8-17-07	I. ADHD NOS		
		II. R/O Mild	behavioral	
		MR	management	
			plan, not a	
			behavioral	
			treatment	
			plan. Plan	
			uses levels to	
			try to affect	
			behavior,	
			but levels	
			should be	
			assigned	
			based on	
			level of risk.	
1065991	8-24-07	I. Mood D/O	This is not a	
1003//1	32.07	NOS	behavioral	
		R/O Bipolar	plan of any	
		NOS	kind.	
		PTSD	Killu.	
		R/O		
		Conduct		
		D/O		
		II. Mild MR		
099146	4-12-07	I. Schizoaff	This is not a	
033140	7-14-0/	II. None	behavioral	
		11. INDIR		
			plan of any kind.	
			KIIIU.	

		Behavioral Treatment at DDH is well below standard	
		as follows: a) In order to provide the last five behavioral treatment plans, DDH had to go back over three months. This shows an inadequate use of behavioral treatment. b) Plans use Level System as some form of reinforcement. This is an improper use of levels which are designed to manage patients' current risk. c) Plans are predominately aversive, even punitive. d) Plans lack positive behavioral supports. e) Plans use contingency reinforcers at a frequency not at all addressing the needs and capacities of the patients. f) Plans show no evidence of how staff are to be trained.	
Identified least restrictive interventions (IVC)	PC	IDT's fail to refer patients to the PSR mall until "they are ready." This is not a meaningful construct. On Wednesday afternoon, September 26, 2007, 93 patients were on their wards and not at the Treatment Malls. Leaving out the forensic patients at DDH for	Consult Steve Webster.
		competency evaluation, there were 77 patients. Excluding the patients on the medical service still left 71 patients or 22% of the census.	
Explanation of psychopharmacological interventions with particular attention to the prescription of			

Benzodiazepines (IIID6) Antipsychotic medications (IIID6)	NC	The majority of CTP's are silent concerning all psychotropic medication. A few include these. Use of PRN psychotropic medication as part of treatment is almost never discussed. When present, the description of intent and monitoring ranges from specific to generic. Overall, simply not there.	
Criteria for use of seclusion and/or restraint as last resort (IVC)	С	Clear in other places. Not specified in TP, but no requirement it be so.	
Criteria for release from seclusion and/or restraint (IVF)	C	Same as above.	
Education about diagnoses (IIIC2)	PC	10/14 patients' records revealed there was no informed	Information often provided, but not in
Skill building for		consent executed for psychotropic medication.	ways patients' could comprehend.
Problem-solving techniques (IIIC1)	NC	This is the weakest part of the Treatment Plans. Skill building is either not there at all, or not there in any	
Self-medication skills (IIIC3)	NC	effective way. Only a very small minority of Treatment Plans have PSR groups as specific interventions for specific skill building. "The Mall" or	
Symptom management (IIIC4)	NC	comparable statements are not interventions. Almost to 100%, individual groups with group leader and frequency and duration of group is absent. Individual	
Cognitive and psychosocial skills (IIIC5)	NC	interventions aimed at skill building are almost invariably inadequate in frequency and duration. None of these skills can be developed with infrequent 10 minute interventions. There is virtually no use of	
Moderation or cessation of substance use (if appropriate) (IIIC6)	NC	HCT's to conduct practice sessions. No evidence of carryover from PSR Mall taught skills to using those skills on the ward.	
Medical treatments (routine, preventative, emergency) (VB)	C	Well done. Well documented.	

enter. The Executive Team at DDH will rotate
being in the lobby during high visitor time to
answer questions as needed.
The CEO meets monthly with the LME

directors from the south central catchment area which DDH serves. This group will receive all information sent to families and to the public. This group will be invited to tour the new facility once construction is further along.

Recidivism and rapid readmission were examined in two ways: review of CTP's pulled for other reasons and review of problems from CTP's for patients with 10 or more admissions.

On CTP's recidivism or rapid return was not identified as a problem, even for cases as follows:

1081799 discharged 7-23-07, admitted 8-8-07

1014092 two admissions in each of 05, 06, 07

1079898 four admissions in 07

discharged 8-7-07, admitted 8-9-07

0959738 14th DDH admission

1077908 5th admission in 07

0991263 first DDH, but 13-year-old with multiple

> psychiatric hospitalizations since age 4 years old

Occasionally recidivism was found as a problem:

30872212 (act) "recidivism (sic) related to noncompliance with meds"

with 1.5 weeks discharge to 0390785

readmission: "Ambivalence about discharge which impedes necessary discharge planning"

The problem lists showed:

<u>Med</u> #	# of admits	<u>Problem list</u>
0384141	26	Recidivism not a problem
0990438	21	Recidivism not a problem
0393873	17	"Rapid readmissions due
		to med noncompliance
		affecting placement

 _	
options"	
0374626 15 "Rapid readmission	
resulting from	
noncompliance"	
0995805 12 Recidivism not a problem	
06100475 10 Recidivism not a problem	
1004892 10 Recidivism not a problem	
1003050	
DDH admits in last 2 years:	
07 – 3 admissions	
06 – 6 admissions	
Last admission – no discussion of frequent	
admits to DDH.	
Dx: I. Alcohol Dependence	
Depression NOS	
II. Borderline PO by hx	
0997896	
Should be fast tracked for discharge. Returned	
to DDH because he was lonely in small	
group home. He is "happy to be back" and	
considers DDH to be his "home."	
See SW note 9-26-07	
Was never suicidal. (Should have gone to	
crisis bed.)	
Why change antipsychotic medication?	

<u>Policies</u>

<u>Item</u>	<u>Compliance</u>	<u>Findings</u>	Comments and Recommendations
Ensure patients with "special needs"			
are appropriately evaluated, treated			
and monitored Suicide risk (IIIB4)	C	See P14, P15.	
Suicide fisk (IIIB4)			
Self-injurious behaviors	C	See P14, P 15.	
	PC	MI/MR: Not by policy, but by protocol and	
MI/MR, MI/SA (IIIB2)	10	with the five by poncy, but by protocol and	

		practice.	
		MI/SA: No policy. Practice is inadequate.	
Hearing impaired (IIIB6)	С	Deaf population moved to BH. Evaluations of hearing impaired as per standard medical practice.	
Reduce the use of forced intramuscular medication that differs from the patient's prescribed oral medication (IIID4b)	C	Per P5: NEFM (non emergency forced medication) orders for standing medications are valid for 7 days. EFM (emergency forced medication) orders are limited to 3 days.	
Use of restraints or seclusion (IVA,D)	C	See P1.	
		Per P1: Mechanical restraints and seclusion shall not be used together except in extreme circumstances and only with the consent of the Hospital Clinical Director. Per P1: If the patient cannot be released within 12 hours or has two or more separate episodes of a restrictive intervention in a 12-hour period, and for each succeeding 12 hours, the following procedure shall be implemented: a) the registered nurse shall notify the patient's attending physician; b) the attending physician shall notify the appropriate Service Chief during business hours or Administrative Physician On-Call after business hours to request review and approval; c) during business hours, the assigned Service Chief or designee will review and approve any further use of restrictive interventions; d) after business hours the registered nurse shall notify the psychiatric physician on call who in turn shall notify the administrative physician on call for review and approval. The psychiatric physician on call if he/she is in the hospital, shall review and approve any further use of restrictive interventions and document the findings of this review in the patient's record.	Under what circumstances would this be the case? This should be an absolute prohibition; when a patient is in restraints he/she cannot simultaneously be in seclusion.

		Per P1: Following each use of a restrictive intervention, the treatment team shall review the incident prior to the end of the next business day. The treatment team shall develop a restrictive intervention prevention plan within 10 business days when a restrictive intervention is used on 3 occasions, for 40 cumulative hours, or for 24 continuous hours in a calendar month.	
Use of PRN psychotropic medications (IVB)	C	Per P5: All PRN orders for antipsychotics and for benzodiazepines are limited to 4 days. The use of PRN antipsychotic medications on long term units, other than FMAX, will require the approval of the Service Chief. The use of atypical antipsychotic medications PRN on any unit requires the approval of the Service Chief or Service Medical Director. The use of Risperidone on GERO for sundowners does not require any approval. Per P6: All physician orders for medications at higher than recommended dose ranges must contain a reference to a progress note at the end of the order, i.e., progress note.	Consider no PRN psychotic medication. Consider no PRN psychotropic medication except on acute units.
Individual with health problems are identified, assessed, diagnosed, treated and monitored	С	Consistently well done. Sometimes confusing when psychiatrist and when medical MD is following a medical problem.	

Procedures

<u>Item</u>	<u>Compliance</u>	<u>Findings</u>	Comments and Recommendations
Health problems (identified, assessed, diagnosed, treated and monitored) (VB)	C	Medical care and treatment for patients admitted to DDH is directed, in part, by SCPM No. P-5a; Patient Management Standards for Medical Services; SCPM NO. M-6; Medical/Psychological Staff consultations; Nursing Policy No. II-8-8; Code Blue: Emergency Resuscitation. Patients received in screening and Admissions are assessed for admission. There are Nursing protocols for	

		consulting medical physicians while the patient is still in Screening and Admissions. This is	
		triggered by abnormal vital signs and also by	
		other conditions as determined by the Intake	
		Physician. If it is determined the patient is to be	
		admitted and has a medical condition needing	
		immediate evaluation and/or treatment, the patient	
		is transferred to Medical Services. The Medical	
		Physician completes a physical examination and	
		orders treatment. If a patient has a condition that	
		cannot be managed at DDH, the patient will be	
		transferred to an outside facility to receive	
		treatment. Patients admitted to DDH with non-	
		acute medical needs are managed on the	
		psychiatric units. All patients who are admitted to	
		the psychiatric unit are reviewed by the assigned	
		medical provider and medical issues are managed	
		by the medical provider. Communication between	
		Nursing and Medicine is facilitated by placing	
		information on the Physician Extender's clipboard for review and evaluation in addition to verbal and	
		other written communications. Acute medical	
		needs after admission will first be evaluated by the	
		unit's assigned medical provider who will	
		determine the care that is needed. The Medical	
		Unit provides consultation/treatment for patients	
		with medical care needs outside the scope of	
		psychiatric unit nurses' competencies (i.e., porta	
		cath access, complicated wound care, etc).	
		Admission H&PE routinely done.	
		Medical Treatment Plan routinely done.	
Investigating untoward events,	C	A root cause analysis is a peer review process by	
serious injuries, and sentinel events		which causal factor contributing to a sentinel	
(V1A2)		event (reviewable or non-reviewable) are	
		identified. This analysis focuses primarily on	
		systems and processes, not individual	
		performance; repeatedly questions "why" until no	
		other logical answer can be identified; and identifies changes that can be made to improve the	
		identifies changes that can be made to improve the	

		level of performance and reduce the risk of recurrence. During business hours the Risk Manager will notify the Hospital Director and the Clinical Director when an occurrence may be considered a Sentinel Event based on preliminary facts and circumstances of the event. During off hours the administrative psychiatrist or medical director will notify the clinical director. The Clinical Director as and applicable Service Chief authorized by the Quality Council, shall appoint individuals to serve on the Sentinel Event team. This team shall convene no more than 3 business days from being notified of the event. The root cause analysis shall include determination of the primary cause of the sentinel event and the process(es) and system(s) related to its occurrence, and an analysis thereof. See also Documentation Section at "Actively collecting" Two examples of incident investigation—recommendations for change—implementation of changes reviewed in their entirety.	
Routinely reviewing incident reports to assess individual or systemic trends or issues exist and changes in treatment are warranted (V1A3) Investigating untoward events, serious injuries, and sentinel events (VIA2)	С	"Incident reports" for all December 2006 reviewed. Quality indicators tracked and reviewed include actual assaults, use of 4-point restraints, use of seclusion, preventable deaths, escapes, among others. PI indicators include assaults and 4-point restraint usage (forensics), problems with resuscitation (medicine).	
Routinely reviewing incident reports to assess whether	C	"Incident Reports" for December 2006 reviewed Quality indicators include accurate and timely assessment of falls, needle sticks among	

individual or systemic trends or issues exist and changes in	employees, medication errors, medication variance, mislabeled lab specimens.
treatment are warranted (VIA3)	PI indicators include medication errors (nursing), crash cart stocked and operational (pharmacy), respiratory therapy equipment operational and labeled with patient's name (respiratory therapy).

<u>Practices</u>

<u>Item</u>	Compliance	<u>Findings</u>	Comments and Recommendations
Case formulation (IIID6)	PC	28353 on Psychiatric History and Admission Note – well done. On the other hand, there are assessments with no formulation – 28204. Also Annual Psychiatric Assessment without formulation – 1044266.	Either train psychiatrists or train all members of IDT in writing formulations.
Monitored, documented, and reviewed by qualified staff (IIID1) Use of anti-psychotics Medication combinations	SC	Polypharmacy. Examination of the use of two or more antipsychotic medications showed 243 patients on antipsychotic medication on 9-14-07. None were on more than two antipsychotics. Those patients on two antipsychotics were: 2 atypicals 16 1 atypical + 1 typical 22 1 antipsychotic + 1 PRN 6 2 typicals 2 Total 46 Percent of 2 antipsychotics 19% Psychotropic Medication Documentation I reviewed five long-term patients' psychiatry progress notes	

1-1-07 through 8-31-07. Per this review:

Med #	# of Notes	Rationales	Polypharm
0374357	33	Present and changes explained	Explicit notes
1003136	18	Present and changes clear	N/A
1076905	22	Present and clear	N/A
0966000	42	Present and documentation well done	Explicit notes
1077062	53	Present and tracks all medication changes	Explicit notes

I reviewed five forensic patients' psychiatry progress notes 1-1-07 through 8-31-07. Per this review:

Med #	# of Notes	Rationales	Polypharm
1044078	23	Best stated in monthly Physician Summary, but there were only 3 for 8 month period. Rationale stated in a few of the progress notes.	N/A
0396604	19	Ten monthly summary notes, but 4 written in July to cover	N/A (not on any psychotropic meds)

		earlier months not done during the month.	
0155088	25	7/8 monthly summary notes. 3/18 progress notes address meds.	N/A
1005818 (6-7-07 to 8-31-07)	7	2/2 monthly summary notes. No rationale for meds provided, e.g., why P.O. and I.M. haloperidol?	N/A
1042043		3/9 monthly summary notes one late entry done in August. 5 psychiatry progress notes in 8 months – none discuss med. Therefore, patient visits for several months with no psychiatrist notation about meds (and patient is on 2 antipsychotics).	Cursory notations.

The Physician Summary, due monthly is a good form. Writing several months worth of monthly summaries for periods months earlier all on one day is treating the chart only.

I reviewed five gero patients' psychiatry progress notes 1-1-07 through 8-31-07. Per this review:

•	Med #	# of Notes	Rationales	Polypharm
	0336389	24	Most notes	N/A

DDH might add a specific section titled "Rationale for Medications" directly above the "Response to Medication." DDH needs to monitor physician compliance with the monthly documentation, which must be done monthly.

		statement is exactly the same		
		for 8 months. No		
		evidence of effort		
		to titrate down on		
		dose or explain		
		why not.		
1030270	24	Most notes	N/A	
		mention meds, but		
		statement is		
		exactly the same		
		for 8 months. No		
		evidence of effort		
		to titrate down on		
		dose or explain		
		why not.		
1074977	38	Better	N/A	
		documentation		
		with active		
		treatment and		
		medication		
		changes.		
1081143	15	Weekly	N/A	
(6-13 to		psychiatrist note		
8-31-07)		generally informs		
		about		
		medications.		
1069301	17	Notes silent on	N/A	
(6-7 to		medication until		
8-31-07)		case transferred		
		8-7-07		

or a duplicate statement month after month.

Intramuscular injections	SC	All PR benzoe antips FMAX The us unit re Medic sundo	RN orders diazepine ychotic n X, will rec se of atyp equires th al Direct wners do Antipsych Chlo PRN	s for anti-ps are limitedications quire the appical antips are approvants. The uses not requesting the appical appical appical appical appical appical appical appication appica	d 9 d 10 t 4% zepine orders s 43 patier	d for ys. The n units, of the Service cations F ice Chief done on G roval. on 9-14-0 s on 9-14	use of PRN other than e Chief. PRN on any or Service GERO for 07 were:	Progress notes for patients on prn psychotropic must record number of doses and how that affects standing orders on a regular frequency.
(IIID5)		antipsycho		⁄ea:				
		MRUN	Ward	Date	Drug	Note at Order	Note by Attending	
		1084149	AAC	9-26-07	Haldol* 10mg	No	No	
		1052390	GERO	9-25-07	Haldol* 5mg	No	No	
		0922786	ALM	9-25-07	Haldol** 5mg	Yes	No	
		1052276	AAF	9-22-07	Haldol* 5mg	No	No	
		1049322	AAF	9-22-07	Geodon** 20mg	Yes	No	
		*also loraz **IM for I						

	These data indicate that when IM medication is ordered as a STAT or now order, there is no note by the ordering physician. The Attending also fails to address the IM administration in her/his next progress note. When IM is ordered by the Attending Psychiatrist as a substitute for a PO refusal, there is a note upon the order, but no follow-up note about the actual administration.	
Benzodiazepines (IIID2)	Benzodiazepine Benzodiazepine orders for patients – including standing orders and prn's – were, on 9-14-07: Patients 69 Percentage 28% With the exception of two patients, all patients had orders for lorazepam with dosages ranging from 0.5mg to 12mg/day (the latter if all PRN doses possible were administered, i.e., 2mg PRN every 4 hours).	

Protocols

<u>Item</u>	Compliance	<u>Findings</u>	Comments and Recommendations
Nursing protocols for medical care	C	See Procedures Section, "Health problems"	
and treatment (VC)			
Nursing protocols to ensure that	C	See P14, P15	
patients are appropriately supervised			
and monitored (VIB2)			

<u>Plans</u>

<u>Item</u>	Compliance	<u>Findings</u>	Comments and Recommendations
Appropriate evacuation plans (VIB3)	C	Detailed plans reviewed.	

Physical Plant

<u>Item</u>	Compliance	<u>Findings</u>	Comments Recommendations
Modifications for hearing impaired (IIIB6)	C	Deaf patients no longer treated at DDH; unit moved to BH.	
		Visual fire alarms (strobes) in treatment mall.	
		Staff removes all patients from wards in case of fire or disaster per DDH evacuation plan.	
Eliminate to a reasonable degree all suicide hazards in patient bedrooms and bathrooms (VIB1)	C	Physical Plant JCAHO survey (8-07) noted hanging risks in the Research building.	Policy modification made subsequent to visit as a consequence of visit. New policy substantially decreases risk through environmental checks.

Staff Training

<u>Item</u>	Compliance	<u>Findings</u>	Comments and Recommendations
Writing behavioral goals and	PC	See CTP's annotated and those reviewed.	Based on review of Treatment Plans, further
objectives (IIIA3)			training is needed.
Serving the needs of patients	SC	See pages 10-13.	MI/SA needs work.
requiring specialized care (suicide			
risk (IIIB4)), SIB, MI/MR, MI/SA			
(IIIB2), Hearing impaired (IIIB6)			
Risks and side effects in	C		
administering benzodiazepines			
Risks and side effects in	C		
administering antipsychotic			
medication			

Specific Documentation Requirements

<u>Item</u>	Compliance	<u>Findings</u>	Comments and Recommendations
Behavioral goals and objectives	PC	See annotated CTP's.	Remains one of the weaker aspects of the CTP.
which include, when possible,			

patient and family input (IIIA3)			
Treatment plans shall reflect an interdisciplinary process based upon reliable objective data and clearly established measurable goals (IIIA5a)	PC	See annotated CTP's.	Improvement, but still needs considerable work.
Use of all medications (IIID1)	PC	See Medication section.	Need to focus on rationales, especially on admission.
Identify the symptoms and/or behavioral problem and tie to justification for the use of any antipsychotic medication or benzodiazepines (IIID4)	PC SC	Statements often too generic. Multiple medications in same class without evidence. See pages 31-34.	
Clearly document behavioral issue(s) and tie to justification for use of intramuscular medication (IIID5a)	PC	STAT medications rarely documented	Each use of STAT IM administration needs to be followed up with a progress note by the Attending Psychiatrist.
Use of restraints and seclusion documented and reviewed in a timely fashion by qualified staff (IVE)	C	Behavioral Interventions Committee (BIC) is a Medical/Psychological Staff Committee that meets on a regular basis to review use of restrictive interventions in the hospital. The BIC makes recommendations to the Medical/Psychological Executive Committee and the Quality Council for reducing use of restrictive interventions, improving their safety, increasing the use of alternative interventions and insuring compliance with state regulations and accrediting agency requirements. The BIC reviews and approves restrictive intervention prevention plans and provides feedback to the attending physician and to the appropriate Service Chief. Accomplished, in part, through Occurrence Reports.	Several documented examples of injuries occurring in December to patients in seclusion or restraint. If these are not isolated examples, DDH needs to review these cases for systemic corrective action.
Criteria for release from restraints and seclusion clearly identified and	С	Discharge follows aftercare planning which is a collaborative process involving the patient, family,	Found in records in other than CCTP which is fine.

written in patient's treatment plan (IVC)		referring Local Mental Health Entity (LME), receiving Local Mental Health Entity (LME) if applicable and potential provider(s). A written aftercare plan shall be developed prior to the patient's discharge or trial placement from the hospital. The physician shall complete a discharge summary within 48 hours after discharge or release on a trial placement.	
Provisions of nursing and medical care (VD)	С	Well documented on admission – see above. Documented through Medical Treatment Plan – see above. Progress notes thorough and explanatory, traces evolution of treatment.	

Quality Assurance and Performance Improvement

<u>Item</u>	Compliance	<u>Findings</u>	Comments and Recommendations
Detect timely and adequately problems with the provision of protections, treatment, services and supports and to ensure that appropriate corrective actions are implemented (VIA1)	С	Review of all Occurrence Reports for December 2006 indicates this is occurring. Multiple examples of appropriate corrective actions found.	
Actively collecting data relating to the	C	See also Procedures section at "Investigating"	
quality of nursing and medical services (VIA1a)		An Occurrence/Error is any unexpected or	
Assessing data for trends (VIA1d)		unintended event or act that has potential for or has had a negative impact on the individual's physical or emotional well-being and/or has risk management implications for the hospital (i.e. liability concerns, legal implications, etc.). An Adverse Event is an untoward, undesirable, and	
Initiating inquiring regarding		usually unanticipated event such as death or serious injury. Reported errors and occurrences	
problematic trends and possible		will be reviewed for serious adverse outcomes	
deficiencies (VIA1c)		requiring immediate action, scored according to	

Identifying corrective action (VIA1d) Monitoring to ensure appropriate remedies achieved (VIA1e)		the Occurrence Report Scoring Grid, recorded, trended, and analyzed for use in determining priorities for risk reduction and performance improvement activities. All staff have the responsibility to report occurrences they witness. Failure to report known errors or occurrences as outlined in this policy may result in disciplinary action. Any error or occurrence that receives a risk score of 4 or higher may be deemed an adverse event. Risk Management shall initiate an intensive analysis utilizing staff as necessary. Data from occurrence reports are collected, aggregated, and analyzed utilizing available data management systems. Monthly summary reports are provided to appropriate individuals as well as the Risk Management/Patient Safety Committee.	
Conducting adequate mortality reviews to ascertain the root causes for all unexpected deaths (VIA4)	C	Death reviews shall be carried out within one month of a patient's death or as soon as pertinent data are available, not to exceed three months. The review shall include assessment of the completeness of the medical record, content of the clinical notes, and appropriateness of clinical management. The Chief of Medical Services shall insure that death reviews are conducted and documented according to procedures described herein, and that follow-up investigative and/or corrective actions are taken when needed. Eleven deaths reviewed July 1, 2006-September 14, 2007.	
System to oversee discharge process (VIIB3)			

Communication

<u>Item</u>	Compliance	<u>Findings</u>				Comments and Recommendations		
Physician orders for enhanced	C	Special observation for Suicidality				No evidence for negative trends on this		
supervision be communicated to appropriate staff (IIIB4b)		1084117 9-25-07 Suicide Precaution (9-25 to 9-27-07) 1084129 9-25-07 Constant (9-25 to 9-25-07) 15 minute (9-24 to current)				parameter.		
Treatment team members communicate and collaborate effectively (IIID7)	PC	Restraint and Seclusion Episodes and Hours 1/2000 – 7/2007				Some troubling trends: Increasing use of seclusion Increasing staff assaults		
				traint		usion	mer cusing starr assuurts	
			Episode			le Hours	Positive trends	
		2000	960	1726	922	948	 Decreased LOS of restraint 	
		2001 2002	697 611	1520 3034	424 396	572 506	 Decreasing patient-on-patient assaults 	
		2002	694	1408	275	481		
		2004	740	722	381	284		
		2005	603	842	548	743		
		2006	798	1458	698	1168		
		2007	[377]	373	411	644		
		(7 months)				4404		
		2007 annualized	646	640	705	1104		
		Assaults and Serious Injuries, 2000-2007						
		Sta		Patient	Patien			
		Year Assa	<u>aults</u> <u>1</u>	<u>Assaults</u>	<u>Injuri</u>			
		2000 2	"	2.40	(seriou	us)		
			66 29	340 280	18 15			
			29 37	280 98	15			
			44	235	1			
			54	503	1			
			99	465	9			

		2006 133 343 3 2007 211 120 0 (7 months) Serious Incidents 1077167: Treatment Plan not followed by HCT; HCT did not have access to information on a cared to be carried by HCT. RN not notified by HCT's of their intended actions.
Adequate and appropriate interdisciplinary communication among relevant professionals (VE,VI)	PC	See material on CTP's and on Communication. Days on Admission Delay Status (Census at 110%) 2007 Month Number of Days March 3 April 2 May 25 June 14 July 10 August 22 September 12 (half the month)

Staffing Requirements

<u>Item</u>	Compliance	<u>Findings</u>	Comments and Recommendations
Ensure a sufficient number of qualified staff to supervise suicidal patients (IIIB4b)	PC	Staffing RN: August 2007 DDH personnel 1961 hours Agency/Travel pool 759 hours Percent Agency/Travel 28% Psychiatrists: August 2007 Filled 21.375 FTE Vacant 2.75 FTE	Staff not adequate when AAU over census.

		Demonstrate and 110/
		Percent vacant 11%
		IDT's not clear if dialectical behavioral therapy (DBT) occurs at this time at DDH; is provided on the acute unit Mall, but is not available to LT patients; or could be accessed for patients on LT units. See for example, 0390785.
		Serious Incident 1003050: Inadequate supervision of patients → 4 self-injurious episodes of ingestion of toxic liquids between 1-17-07 and 3-5-07.
Hire and deploy sufficient number of	C	DDH Staffing Ratios (functional)
qualified direct care and professional		Psychiat Psychol SW
staff, particularly psychiatrists and		Unit
nurses, necessary to provide patients		Admit 1:10 1:31 1:6 LT 1:26 1:32 1:10
with adequate supervision and		Gero 1:12 1:24 1:8
medical and mental health treatment		Child 1:11-1:14 1:12 1:5
(VA)		Med — 1:24
(VA)		CRU 1:5 - 1:16
		Forensic Rx 1:29 1:980 1:14
		Pretrial 1:6-1:12 1:8 —
		There are 7 Rehab staff devoted to the child unit (1:8) and there are 45 rehab staff in the centralized mall program, producing a ratio of 1:8 for adult patients.
		Nursing coverage examined as Nursing Hours Per Patient Day (NHPPD) shows by ward the average number of times below 5.5 for the two-week period of December 1-14, 2006 to be:
		AAF 10.09 0 AAM 10.06 0 AAC 8 of 3 0

			Т	
ALF	6.28	0		
ALM	6.89	1		
Geo	10.84	0		
Med	23.54	Õ		
CHA	8.56	$\stackrel{\circ}{\theta}$		
CHL	8.31	0		
PTA	11.41	0		
FMAX	6.89	θ		
FMIN	4.04	14		
FMED	6.27	1		
FMIN is neve	er at even 5.0, but t	his is a minimum		
	nsic unit. Further,			
	n during most of the			
	tances occur on wa			
	ible standard would	a ve 5.0 ana each		
instance exce	eeds this number.			
	N coverage for the			
December 1-	14, 2006, there was	s no instance on		
	ee shifts where the			
	orking on each wa			
one (1) KIV W	orking on each war	ru.	<u> </u>	

If you should have any questions about this report, please feel free to contact me by telephone	ne at
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Respectfully submitted,

Jeffrey Geller, M.D., M.P.H.

JG:vab